



Maximizing benefits from ICT in Federated/Hybrid organization models and balancing the roles of CIO & CPO function in Higher Education

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Agenda

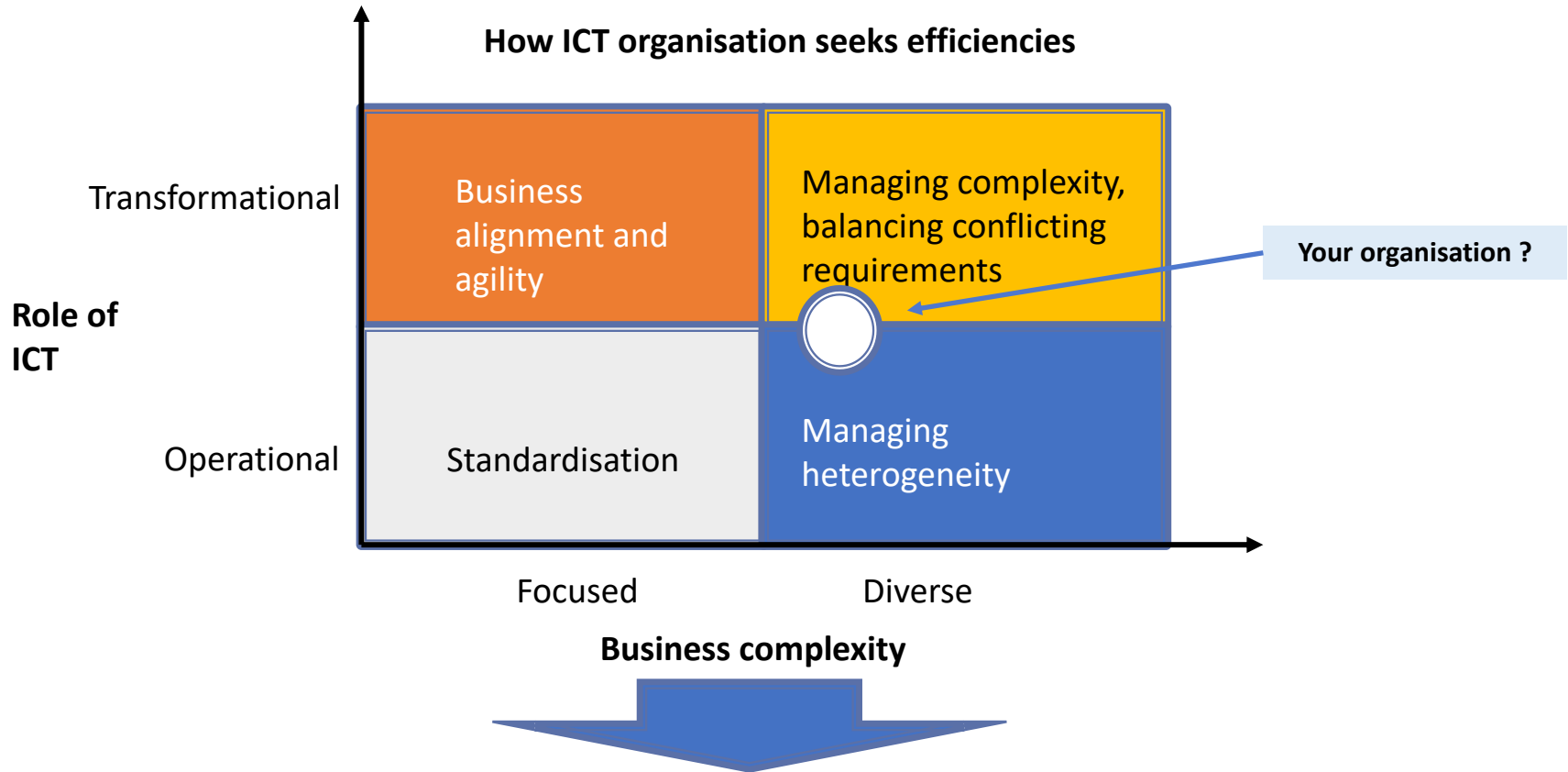
- Summary
- Dimensions affecting ICT Organisation
- Structural choices affecting ICT
- Typical structure of Organisation
- Commercial Value in Federated & Hybrid ICT organisation
- Typical structure in Hybrid – CIO & CPO

Summary

- ICT organisation is driven by the complexity of business and ICT's role.
- There are multiple ways in which ICT organisations can seek to provide value to the business:
 - Driving standardisation,
 - Managing business complexity,
 - Enhancing the agility of business and IT, etc.
- The corresponding structures range between Centralised, Federated and Hybrid.
- Higher education institutions with their complex business structure provide an example for the **federated** and **hybrid models**.
- This will result in a number of different levers:
 - Streamlined processes
 - Self-service and automation
 - Business partnering, etc.

Dimensions affecting ICT organisation

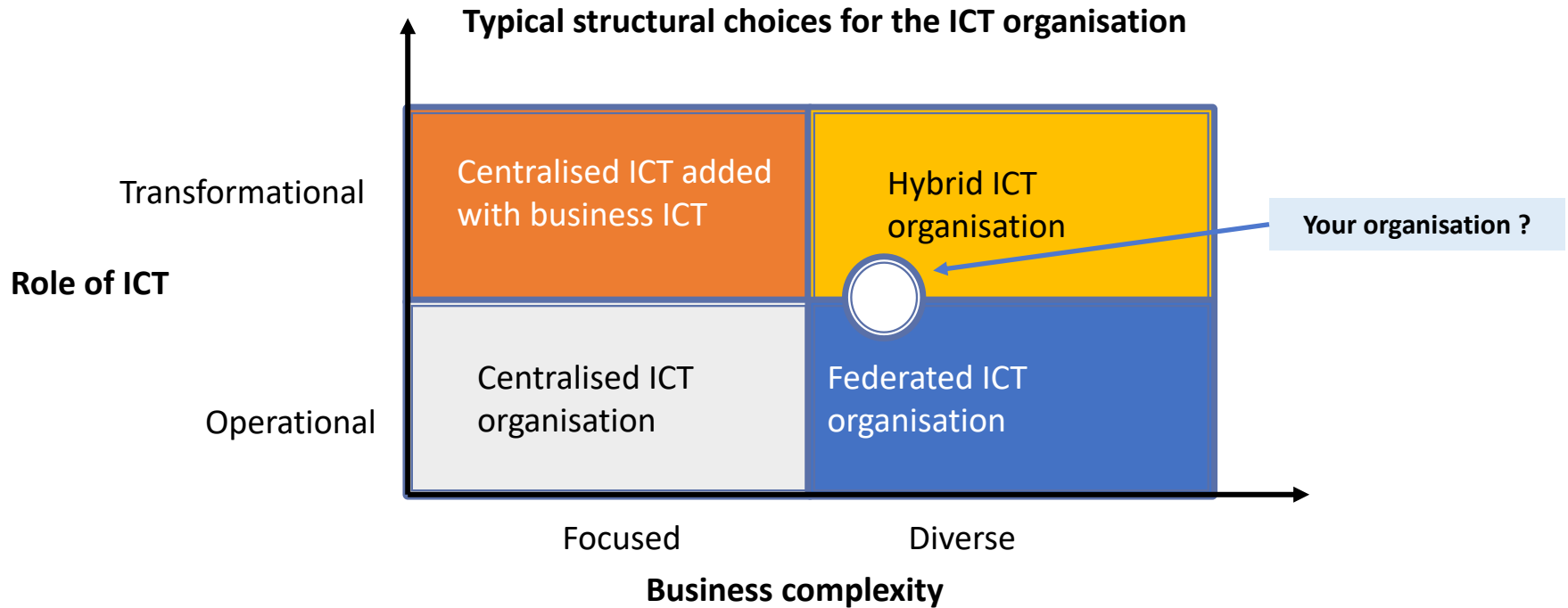
Illustrative map



Mapping Business complexity & ICT's role helps identify approaches to ICT value proposition

Structural choices of organisation

Illustrative map

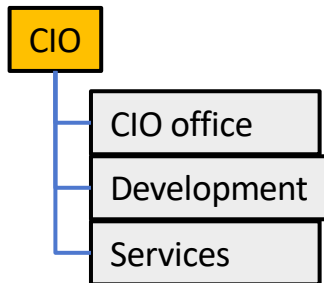


Structural choices are driven by mapping of ICT organisation : Role & Business complexity

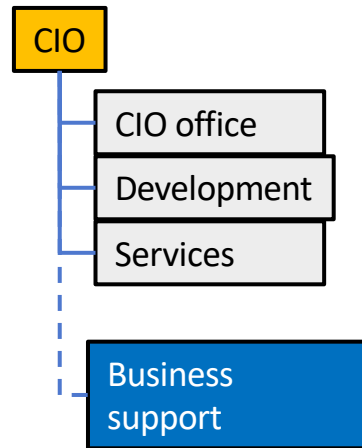
Typical organisation of ICT

Illustrative model

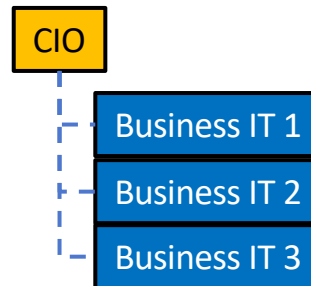
Centralised ICT organisation



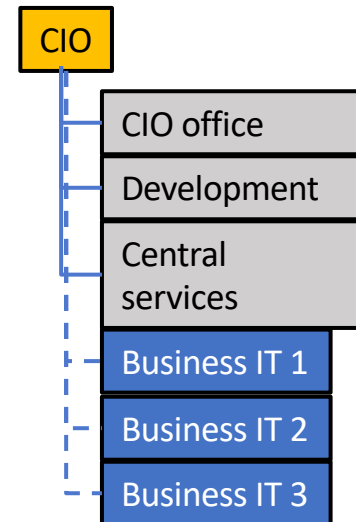
Centralised ICT added with business ICT



Federated ICT organisation



Hybrid ICT organisation



Commercial value for different types of organisation

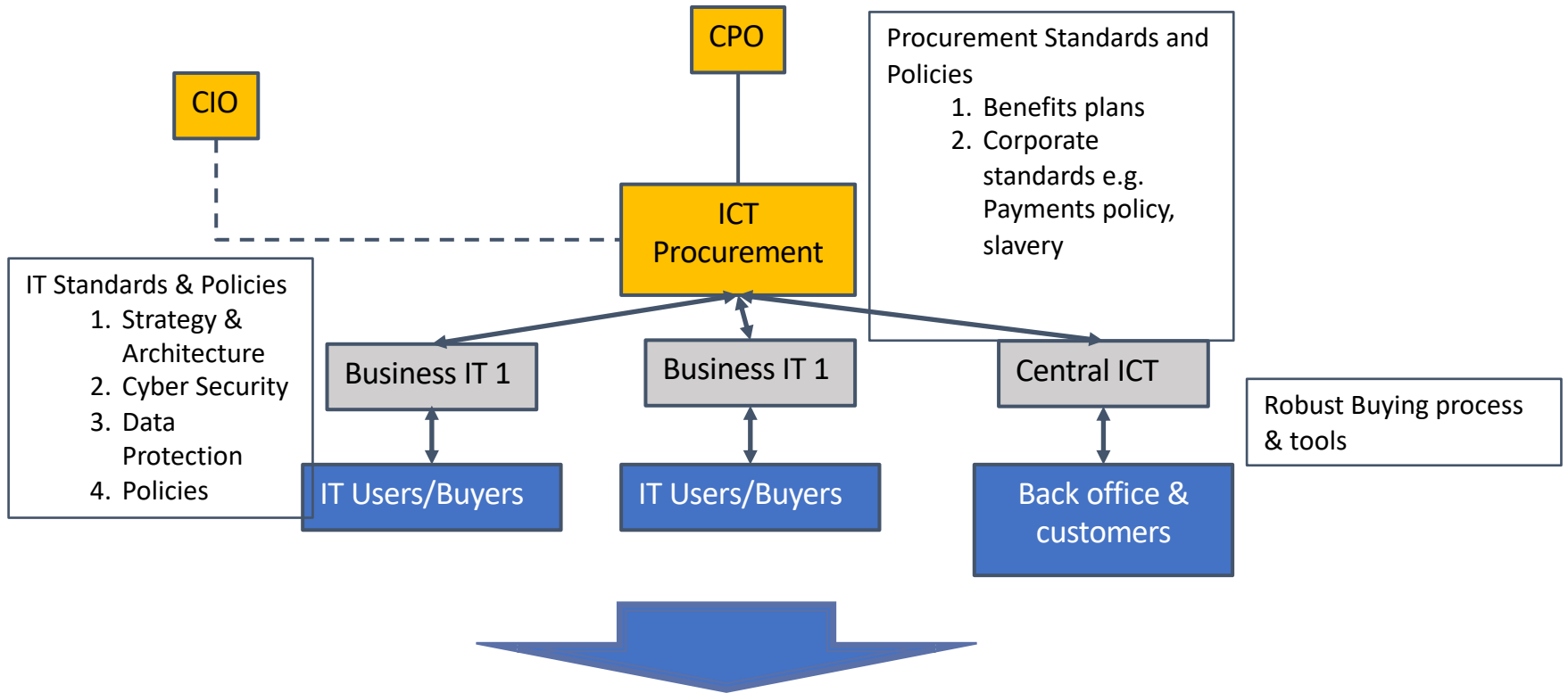
Federated

- Low volume Standard & Non-Standard ICT : A **common streamlined process** to provide usage and cost visibility.
- High volume Standard ICT items : centrally supported **self-service/automated** approach and centralised Procurement to **leverage scale**
- Procurement resources are typically engaged on **projects of strategic importance** which are non-repetitive in nature. The main role of Procurement professional is balancing the demands of business with CIO drivers (e.g. Security, Architecture) while enhancing commercial opportunities.

Hybrid

- **Central supplier management** of common products and services . However, acknowledge specialist requirements which will be addressed locally.
- **Robust processes and tools** embedded into the standard operating procedures. Benefits of Procurement deals without compromising critical IT requirements e.g. data protections.
- **Strong business partnering** and clarity of responsibilities between CIO and CPO organisation.

Hybrid organisation – typical structure



Clarity of roles & responsibilities and governance mechanisms critical to success



Q & A